Claims

1. A method for diagnosing a disorder characterized by expression of MAGE-A1 in a subject typed as HLA-B35 positive, comprising:

contacting a biological sample isolated from the subject with an agent that is specific for a MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide which comprises SEQ ID NO:10, and determining the interaction between the agent and the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide as a determination of the disorder.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 3. A method for diagnosing a disorder characterized by expression of MAGE-A1 in a subject typed as HLA-B44 positive, comprising:

contacting a biological sample isolated from the subject with an agent that is specific for a MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide which comprises SEQ ID NO:53, and

determining the interaction between the agent and the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide as a determination of the disorder.

- 4. The method of claim 3 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 5. A method for diagnosing a disorder characterized by expression of a complex of a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 binding peptide and a HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 molecule, comprising:

contacting a biological sample isolated from a subject suspected of having the disorder with an agent that binds the complex; and

determining binding between the complex and the agent as a determination of the disorder.

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- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:10, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 7. The method of claim 5 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:53, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 8. A method for enriching selectively a population of T lymphocytes with T lymphocytes specific for a MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide, comprising:

contacting a source of T lymphocytes which contains a population of T lymphocytes with an agent presenting a complex of a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:10 and a HLA-B35 molecule or a complex of a MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:53 and a HLA-B44 molecule, in an amount sufficient to selectively enrich the population of T lymphocytes with the T lymphocytes specific for one of the complexes.

- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the agent is selected from the group consisting of an antigen presenting cell which expresses a HLA-B35 molecule contacted with a MAGE-A1 protein or a HLA binding fragment thereof which comprises SEQ ID NO:10, and an antigen presenting cell which expresses a HLA-B44 molecule contacted with a MAGE-A1 protein or a HLA binding fragment thereof which comprises SEQ ID NO:53.
- 10. The method of claim 8 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:9 and SEQ ID NO:10, and (ii) functional variants of the peptides of (i).
- 11. The method of claim 8 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) SEQ ID NO:12 and SEQ ID NO:14, and (ii) functional

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variants of the peptides of (i).

12. A method for treating a subject, typed as HI A-B35 or HLA-B44 positive, having a disorder characterized by expression of MAGE-A1, comprising:

administering to the subject an amount of a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:10 or a MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:53 sufficient to ameliorate the disorder.

- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 14. The method of claim 13, further comprising administering to the subject at least one isolated HLA binding peptide selected from the group consisting of (1) MAGE-A1 HLA class I binding peptides other than peptides comprising SEQ ID NO:8, (2) MAGE-A1 HLA class II binding peptides, and (3) MAGE-A1 HLA class I or class II binding peptide of a non-MAGE-A1 tumor antigen, in an amount sufficient to ameliorate the disorder.
- 15. The method of claim 12, wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 25 16. The method of claim 15, further comprising administering to the subject at least one isolated HLA binding peptide selected from the group consisting of (1) MAGE-A1 HLA class I binding peptides other than peptides comprising SEQ ID NO:14, (2) MAGE-A1 HLA class II binding peptides, and (3) MAGE-A1 HLA class I or class II binding peptide of a non-MAGE-A1 tumor antigen, in an amount sufficient to ameliorate the disorder.
 - 17. A method for treating a subject, typed as HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 positive, having a disorder characterized by expression of MAGE-A1, comprising:

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administering to the subject an amount of an agent which enriches selectively in the subject the presence of complexes of a HLA-B35 molecule and a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:10, or a HLA-B44 molecule and a MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:53, in an amount sufficient to ameliorate the disorder.

- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein the agent comprises a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 19. The method of claim 17, wherein the agent comprises a MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 20. A method for treating a subject, typed as HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 positive, having a disorder characterized by expression of MAGE-A1, comprising:

administering to the subject an amount of autologous T lymphocytes sufficient to ameliorate the disorder, wherein the T lymphocytes are specific for complexes of a HLA-B35 molecule and a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:10, or a HLA-B44 molecule and a MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:53.

- 21. The method of claim 20 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- The method of claim 20 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).

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23. A method for identifying functional variants of a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 binding peptide, comprising

providing (1) a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:10, and a HLA-B35 molecule, or (2) a MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:53, and a HLA-B44 molecule, and a T cell which is stimulated by the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide presented by the HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 molecule;

mutating a first amino acid residue of the MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 binding peptide to prepare a variant peptide; and

determining the binding of the variant peptide to the HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 molecule or the stimulation of the T cell, wherein binding of the variant peptide to the HLA binding molecule or stimulation of the T cell by the variant peptide presented by the HLA binding molecule indicates that the variant peptide is a functional variant.

- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the MAGE A1 HLA-B35 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8.
- 25. The method of claim 23, wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA-B44 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14.
- 25 26. The method of claim 23, further comprising the step of comparing the stimulation of the T cell by the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide and the stimulation of the T cell by the functional variant as a determination of the effect veness of the stimulation of the T cell by the functional variant.
- 27. An expression vector comprising a nucleotide sequence which encodes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of \$EQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:9, and SEQ ID NO:10, operably linked to a promoter, and a nucleotide sequence which encodes the amino

acid sequence of a HLA-B*35 molecule, operably inked to a promoter.

- An expression vector comprising a nucleotide sequence which encodes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:14 and SEQ ID NO:53, operably linked to a promoter, and a nucleotide sequence which encodes the amino acid sequence of a HLA-B*44 molecule operably linked to a promoter.
- 29. A host cell transfected or transformed with the expression vector of claim 27.
- 10 30. A host cell transfected or transformed with the expression vector of claim 28.
 - 31. An isolated T lymphocyte which selectively binds a complex of a HLA-B35 molecule and a MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide which comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:10.
 - 32. The isolated T lymphocyte of claim 31 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
 - 33. An isolated T lymphocyte which selectively binds a complex of a HLA-B44 molecule and a MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide which comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:53.
- 25 34. The isolated T lymphocyte of claim 33 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 35. An isolated antigen presenting cell which comprises a complex of a HLA-B35 molecule and a MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide which comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:10.

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- 36. The isolated antigen presenting cell of claim 35 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 37. An isolated antigen presenting cell which comprises a complex of a HLA-B44 molecule and a MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide which comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:53.
- 38. The isolated antigen presenting cell of claim 37 wherein the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 39. A vaccine composition comprising a cell selected from the group consisting of a T lymphocyte of claims 31-34 and an antigen presenting cell of claims 35-38, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 20 40. The vaccine composition of claim 39, further comprising an adjuvant.
 - 41. An isolated functional variant of a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 binding peptide identified by the method of claim 23.
- 25 42. A method for identifying a candidate mimetic of a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 binding peptide, comprising

providing a HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 molecule,

contacting the HLA molecule with a test molecule, and

determining the binding of the test molecule to the HLA molecule, wherein a test molecule which binds to the HLA molecule is a candidate mimetic of the MAGE-A1 HLA binding peptide.

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- 43. The method of claim 42, further comprising contacting the HLA molecule with a HLA-B35 binding molecule comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, and determining the binding of the HLA binding molecule to the HLA molecule in the presence and the absence of the test molecule.
- 44. The method of claim 42, further comprising contacting the HLA molecule with a HLA-B44 binding molecule comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:53, and determining the binding of the HLA binding molecule to the HLA molecule in the presence and the absence of the test molecule.
- forming a complex of the HLA molecule and the candidate mimetic, contacting the complex with a T cell which binds to a complex of a HLA molecule and the MAGE-A1 HLA binding pertide, and assaying activation of the T cell.
- 46. The method of claim 45, wherein activation of the T cell is indicated by a property selected from the group consisting of proliferation of the T cell, interferon-γ production by the T cell, tumor necrosis factor production by the T cell, and cytolysis of a target cell by the T cell.
- 47. An isolated mimetic of a MAGE-A1 HLA-B35 or HLA-B44 binding peptide identified by the method of claim 42.
- 48. A method for diagnosing a disorder characterized by expression of MAGE-A3 in a subject typed as HLA-B35 positive, comprising:

contacting a biological sample isolated from the subject with an agent that is specific for a MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide which comprises SEQ ID NO:56, and

determining the interaction between the agent and the MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide as a determination of the disorder.

49. The method of claim 48 wherein the MAGE-A3 File a binding peptide is selected from

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the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:55, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:59, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).

50. A method for diagnosing a disorder characterized by expression of a complex of a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide and a HLA-B35 molecule, comprising:

contacting a biological sample isolated from a subject suspected of having the disorder with an agent that binds the complex; and

determining binding between the complex and the agent as a determination of the disorder.

- 51. The method of claim 50 wherein the MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:55, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:56, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 52. A method for enriching selectively a population of T lymphocytes with T lymphocytes specific for a MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide, comprising:

contacting a source of T lymphocytes which contains a population of T lymphocytes with an agent presenting a complex of a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:56 and a HLA-B35 molecule, in an amount sufficient to selectively enrich the population of T lymphocytes with the T lymphocytes specific for one of the complexes.

- The method of claim 52, wherein the agent is an antigen presenting cell which
 expresses a HLA-B35 molecule contacted with a MAGE-A3 protein or a HLA binding fragment thereof which comprises SEQ ID NO:56.
 - The method of claim 52 wherein the MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) SEQ ID NO:56, SEQ ID NO:57 and SEQ ID NO:59, and (ii) functional variants of the peptides of (i).
 - 55. A method for treating a subject, typed as HLA B35 positive, having a disorder

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characterized by expression of MAGE-A3, comprising:

administering to the subject an amount of a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:56 sufficient to ameliorate the disorder.

- 5 56. The method of claim 55, wherein the MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:55, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:59, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
 - 57. The method of claim 55, further comprising administering to the subject at least one isolated HLA binding peptide selected from the group consisting of (1) MAGE-A3 HLA class I binding peptides other than peptides comprising SEQ ID NO:59, (2) MAGE-A3 HLA class II binding peptides, and (3) HLA class I or class II binding peptide of a non-MAGE-A3 tumor antigen, in an amount sufficient to ameliorate the disorder.

A method for treating a subject, typed as HLA-B35 positive, having a disorder characterized by expression of MAGE-A3, comprising:

administering to the subject an amount of an agent which enriches selectively in the subject the presence of complexes of a HLA-B35 molecule and a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO 56, in an amount sufficient to ameliorate the disorder.

- 59. The method of claim 58, wherein the agent comprises a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:55, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:59, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 60. A method for treating a subject, typed as HLA-B35 positive, having a disorder characterized by expression of MAGE A3, comprising:

administering to the subject an amount of autologous T lymphocytes sufficient to ameliorate the disorder, wherein the T lymphocytes are specific for complexes of a HLA-B35 molecule and a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:56.

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- 61. The method of claim 60 wherein the MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:55, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:59, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
- 62. A method for identifying functional variants of a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide, comprising

providing a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide comprising SEQ ID NO:56, a HLA-B35 molecule, and a T cell which is stimulated by the MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide presented by the HLA-B35 molecule;

mutating a first amino acid residue of the MAGE-A3/HLA-B35 binding peptide to prepare a variant peptide; and

determining the binding of the variant peptide to the HLA-B35 molecule or the stimulation of the T cell, wherein binding of the variant peptide to the HLA binding molecule or stimulation of the T cell by the variant peptide presented by the HLA binding molecule indicates that the variant peptide is a functional variant.

- 63. The method of claim 62, wherein the MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:55, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:59.
- 64. The method of claim 62, further comprising the step of comparing the stimulation of the T cell by the MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide and the stimulation of the T cell by the functional variant as a determination of the effectiveness of the stimulation of the T cell by the functional variant.
- 65. An expression vector comprising a nucleotide sequence which encodes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:56, SEQ ID NO:57 and SEQ ID NO:59, operably linked to a promoter, and a nucleotide sequence which encodes the amino acid sequence of a HLA-B35 molecule, operably linked to a promoter.

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- 66. A host cell transfected or transformed with the expression vector of claim 65.
- 67. An isolated T lymphocyte which selectively binds a complex of a HLA-B35 molecule and a MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide which comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:56.
 - 68. The isolated T lymphocyte of claim 67 wherein the MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:55, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:59, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
 - 69. An isolated antigen presenting cell which comprises a complex of a HLA-B35 molecule and a MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide which comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:56.
 - 70. The isolated antigen presenting cell of claim 69 wherein the MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide is selected from the group consisting of (i) peptides which consist of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:55, (ii) peptides which comprise the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:59, and (iii) functional variants of the peptides of (i) and (ii).
 - 71. A vaccine composition comprising a cell selected from the group consisting of a T lymphocyte of claims 67-68 and an antigen presenting cell of claims 69-70, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 72. The vaccine composition of claim 71, further computing an adjuvant.
 - 73. An isolated functional variant of a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide identified by the method of claim 62.
 - 74. A method for identifying a candidate mimetic of a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide, comprising

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providing a HLA-B35 molecule,

contacting the HLA molecule with a test molecule, and

determining the binding of the test molecule to the HLA molecule, wherein a test molecule which binds to the HLA molecule is a candidate mimetic of the MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide.

- 75. The method of claim 74, further comprising contacting the HLA molecule with a HLA-B35 binding molecule comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:56, and determining the binding of the HLA binding molecule to the HLA molecule in the presence and the absence of the test molecule.
- 76. The method of claim 74, further comprising forming a complex of the HLA molecule and the candidate mimetic, contacting the complex with a T cell which binds to a complex of a HLA molecule and the MAGE-A3 HLA binding peptide, and assaying activation of the T cell.
- 77. The method of claim 76, wherein activation of the T cell is indicated by a property selected from the group consisting of proliferation of the T cell, interferon-γ production by the T cell, tumor necrosis factor production by the T cell, and cytolysis of a target cell by the T cell.
- 78. An isolated mimetic of a MAGE-A3 HLA-B35 binding peptide identified by the method of claim 74.